

# The Holy Eucharist

The Third Sunday in Lent March 23, 2025 • 11:15 AM

### Washington National Cathedral

Worship lies at the heart of the Christian life. It is in worship that we express our theology and define our identity. It is through encountering God within worship that we are formed and transformed as the people of God. One of the glories of the Episcopal Church is its liturgical worship. Liturgy refers to the patterns, forms, words, and actions through which public worship is conducted.

## The people's responses are in **bold**.

This type of note, offering directions about the service is called a "rubric," which comes from the Latin word rubrica (red)—referring to a time when these instructional notes were always written in red.

When the service is accompanied by music, it often begins with an instrumental piece of music, during which the congregation can prepare for worship.

### **CARILLON PRELUDE**

Psalm Fantasy on "Old 107th"

John Knox (1932–2021)

#### **PRELUDE**

Go Down, Moses

David Hurd (b. 1950)

Safe from Harm

Bebe Winans (b. 1962), Linda Thompson (b. 1950)

# THE ENTRANCE RITE

### INTROIT

Hear My Prayer, O Lord, Z. 15

Henry Purcell (1659–1695)

Hear my prayer, O Lord, and let my crying come unto thee.

(Psalm 102:1)

The people stand as able at the introduction to the hymn.

Eternal Lord of Love, Behold Your Church

Sung by all.

Old 124th

We begin our worship as a gathered community by praising God in song.



#### THE OPENING ACCLAMATION

Blessed be the God of our salvation:

Who bears our burdens and forgives our sins.

#### THE PENITENTIAL SENTENCES

If we say that we have no sin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in us. But if we confess our sins, God, who is faithful and just, will forgive our sins and cleanse us from all unrighteousness. *I John 1:8, 9* 

### The people may kneel as able or be seated.

### CONFESSION OF SIN & ABSOLUTION

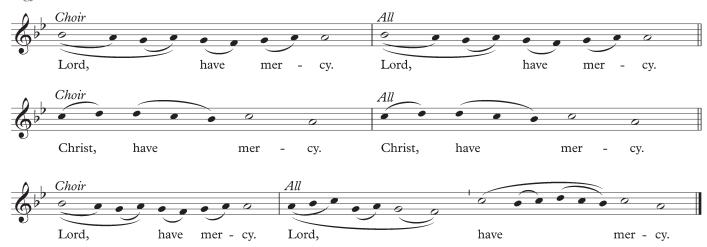
Most merciful God,
we confess that we have sinned against you
in thought, word, and deed,
by what we have done,
and by what we have left undone.
We have not loved you with our whole heart;
we have not loved our neighbors as ourselves.
We are truly sorry and we humbly repent.
For the sake of your Son Jesus Christ,
have mercy on us and forgive us;
that we may delight in your will,
and walk in your ways,
to the glory of your Name. Amen.

Dios de misericordia, confesamos que hemos pecado contra ti de pensamiento, palabra y obra, por lo que hemos hecho y por lo que hemos dejado sin hacer.

No te hemos amado de todo corazón; no hemos amado al prójimo como a nosotros mismos. Sincera y humildemente nos arrepentimos. Por tu Hijo Jesucristo, ten piedad de nosotros y perdónanos; así tu voluntad será nuestra alegría y caminaremos en tus sendas para gloria de tu nombre. Amén.

The presider offers the absolution, and the people respond, Amen.

Kyrie eleison ('Lord, have mercy') is a Greek petition that has long been used in the liturgy. During Lent the Gloria in excelsis (or a song of praise) is not sung and is replaced by the Kyrie eleison or the Trisagion, an ancient hymn from the Orthodox liturgy.



### The people stand as able.

### THE COLLECT FOR THE THIRD SUNDAY IN LENT

The collect is the prayer appointed for each Sunday that "collects" or captures the theme of the day or season of the Church year. It summarizes the attributes of God as revealed in the scriptures for the day.

The Lord be with you.

And also with you.

Let us pray.

Almighty God, you know that we have no power in ourselves to help ourselves: Keep us both outwardly in our bodies and inwardly in our souls, that we may be defended from all adversities which may happen to the body, and from all evil thoughts which may assault and hurt the soul; through Jesus Christ our Lord, who lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit, one God, for ever and ever. **Amen.** 

The people are seated.

# THE WORD OF GOD

### THE FIRST LESSON

This reading is typically from the Old Testament (Hebrew Scriptures) which Jesus knew and from which he often referred or quoted.

Exodus 3:1-15

Moses was keeping the flock of his father-in-law Jethro, the priest of Midian; he led his flock beyond the wilderness, and came to Horeb, the mountain of God. There the angel of the Lord appeared to him in a flame of fire out of a bush; he looked, and the bush was blazing, yet it was not consumed. Then Moses said, "I must turn aside and look at this great sight, and see why the bush is not burned up." When the Lord saw that he had turned aside to see, God called to him out of the bush, "Moses, Moses!" And he said, "Here I am." Then he said, "Come no closer! Remove the sandals from your feet, for the place on which you are standing is holy ground." He said further, "I am the God of your father, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob." And Moses hid his face, for he was afraid to look at God. Then the Lord said, "I have observed the misery of my people who are in Egypt; I have heard their cry on account of their taskmasters. Indeed, I know their sufferings, and I have come down to deliver them from the Egyptians, and to bring them up out of that land to a good and broad land, a land flowing with milk and honey, to the country of the Canaanites, the Hittites, the Amorites, the Perizzites, the Hivites, and the Jebusites. The cry of the Israelites has now come to me; I have also seen how the Egyptians oppress them. So come, I will send you to Pharaoh to bring my people, the Israelites, out of Egypt." But Moses said to God, "Who am I that I should go to Pharaoh, and bring the Israelites out of Egypt?" He said, "I will be with you; and this shall be the sign for you that it is I who sent you: when you have brought the people out of Egypt, you shall worship God on this mountain." But Moses said to God, "If I come to the Israelites and say to them, 'The God of your ancestors has sent me to you,' and they ask me, 'What is his name?' what shall I say to them?" God said to Moses, "I AM WHO I AM." He said further, "Thus you shall say to the Israelites, 'I AM has sent me to you." God also said to Moses, "Thus you shall say to the Israelites, 'The Lord, the God of your ancestors, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and

Moisés cuidaba las ovejas de su suegro Jetró, que era sacerdote de Madián, y un día las llevó a través del desierto y llegó hasta el monte de Dios, que se llama Horeb. Allí el ángel del Señor se le apareció en una llama de fuego, en medio de una zarza. Moisés se fijó bien y se dio cuenta de que la zarza ardía con el fuego, pero no se consumía. Entonces pensó: «¡Qué cosa tan extraña! Voy a ver por qué no se consume la zarza.» Cuando el Señor vio que Moisés se acercaba a mirar, lo llamó desde la zarza: «¡Moisés! ¡Moisés!» «Aquí estoy» contestó Moisés. Entonces Dios le dijo: «No te acerques. Y descálzate, porque el lugar donde estás es sagrado.» Y añadió: «Yo soy el Dios de tus antepasados. Soy el Dios de Abraham, de Isaac y de Jacob.» Moisés se cubrió la cara, pues tuvo miedo de mirar a Dios, pero el Señor siguió diciendo: «Claramente he visto cómo sufre mi pueblo que está en Egipto. Los he oído quejarse por culpa de sus capataces, y sé muy bien lo que sufren. Por eso he bajado, para salvarlos del poder de los egipcios; voy a sacarlos de ese país y a llevarlos a una tierra grande y buena, donde la leche y la miel corren como el agua. Es el país donde viven los cananeos, los hititas, los amorreos, los ferezeos, los heveos y los jebuseos. Mira, he escuchado las quejas de los israelitas, y he visto también que los egipcios los maltratan mucho. Por lo tanto, ponte en camino, que te voy a enviar ante el faraón para que saques de Egipto a mi pueblo, a los israelitas.» Entonces Moisés le dijo a Dios: «¿Y quién soy yo para presentarme ante el faraón y sacar de Egipto a los israelitas?» Y Dios le contestó: «Yo estaré contigo, y ésta es la señal de que yo mismo te envío: cuando hayas sacado de Egipto a mi pueblo, todos ustedes me adorarán en este monte.» Pero Moisés le respondió: «El problema es que si yo voy y les digo a los israelitas: "El Dios de sus antepasados me ha enviado a ustedes", ellos me van a preguntar: "¿Cómo se llama?" Y entonces, ¿qué les voy a decir?» Y Dios le contestó: «YO SOY EL QUE SOY. Y dirás a los israelitas: "YO SOY me ha enviado a ustedes."» Además, Dios le dijo a Moisés: «Di también a los

Éxodo 3:1-15

the God of Jacob, has sent me to you': This is my name forever, and this my title for all generations."

The Word of the Lord. Thanks be to God.

israelitas: "El Señor, el Dios de los antepasados de ustedes, el Dios de Abraham, de Isaac y de Jacob, me ha enviado a ustedes." Éste es mi nombre eterno; éste es mi nombre por todos los siglos.»

Palabra de Dios. Demos gracias a Dios.

THE PSALM chant: plainsong mode 11

The psalms are prayers that Jesus used and cover every mood of humanity's relationship with God and one another.

Psalm 63:1-8

Salmo 63:1-8

O God, you are my God; eagerly I seek you; my soul thirsts for you, my flesh faints for you, as in a barren and dry land where there is no water. Therefore I have gazed upon you in your holy place, that I might behold your power and your glory. For your loving-kindness is better than life itself; my lips shall give you praise. So will I bless you as long as I live and lift up my hands in your Name. My soul is content, as with marrow and fatness, and my mouth praises you with joyful lips, When I remember you upon my bed, and meditate on you in the night watches. For you have been my helper, and under the shadow of your wings I will rejoice. My soul clings to you; your right hand holds me fast.

¡Ay Dios, mi Dios, cuánto te busco! mi alma tiene sed de ti, mi cuerpo te anhela, como desierto árido, sin agua. Te he contemplado en tu santuario admirando tu poder y gloria. Tu bondad es más valiosa que la vida; mis labios te alaban. Te bendeciré toda mi vida y alzaré las manos en tu nombre. Mi alma está saciada como en un banquete, mi boca te alaba sonriente, cuando en mi cama me acuerdo de ti y pienso en ti toda la noche. Porque tú has sido mi socorro y bajo tus alas cantaré de gozo. Mi vida se aferra a ti: tu mano derecha me sostiene firme.

#### THE SECOND LESSON

This reading, taken from the New Testament, is typically from a letter (epistle) to the early Church, the Acts of the Apostles, or the Revelation to John.

1 Corinthians 10:1-13

1 Corintios 10:1-13

I do not want you to be unaware, brothers and sisters, that our ancestors were all under the cloud, and all passed through the sea, and all were baptized into Moses in the cloud and in the sea, and all ate the same spiritual food, and all drank the same spiritual drink. For they drank from the spiritual rock that followed them, and the rock was Christ. Nevertheless, God was not pleased with most of them, and they were struck down in the wilderness. Now these things occurred as examples for us, so that we might not desire evil as they did. Do not become idolaters as some of them did; as it is written, "The people sat down to eat and drink, and they rose up to play." We must not indulge in sexual immorality as some of them did, and twenty-three

No quiero, hermanos, que olviden que nuestros antepasados estuvieron todos bajo aquella nube, y que todos atravesaron el Mar Rojo. De ese modo, todos ellos quedaron unidos a Moisés al ser bautizados en la nube y en el mar. Igualmente, todos ellos comieron el mismo alimento espiritual y tomaron la misma bebida espiritual. Porque bebían agua de la roca espiritual que los acompañaba en su viaje, la cual era Cristo. Sin embargo, la mayoría de ellos no agradó a Dios, y por eso sus cuerpos quedaron tendidos en el desierto. Todo esto sucedió como un ejemplo para nosotros, para que no deseemos lo malo, como ellos lo desearon. Por eso, no adoren ustedes ídolos, como algunos de ellos lo hicieron, según dice la Escritura: «La gente se sentó

thousand fell in a single day. We must not put Christ to the test, as some of them did, and were destroyed by serpents. And do not complain as some of them did, and were destroyed by the destroyer. These things happened to them to serve as an example, and they were written down to instruct us, on whom the ends of the ages have come. So if you think you are standing, watch out that you do not fall. No testing has overtaken you that is not common to everyone. God is faithful, and he will not let you be tested beyond your strength, but with the testing he will also provide the way out so that you may be able to endure it.

The Word of the Lord. Thanks be to God.

a comer y beber, y luego se levantó a divertirse.» No nos entreguemos a la prostitución, como lo hicieron algunos de ellos, por lo que en un solo día murieron veintitrés mil. Tampoco pongamos a prueba a Cristo, como algunos de ellos lo hicieron, por lo que murieron mordidos por las serpientes. Ni murmuren contra Dios, como algunos de ellos murmuraron, por lo que el ángel de la muerte los mató. Todo esto les sucedió a nuestros antepasados como un ejemplo para nosotros, y fue puesto en las Escrituras como una advertencia para los que vivimos en estos tiempos últimos. Así pues, el que cree estar firme, tenga cuidado de no caer. Ustedes no han pasado por ninguna prueba que no sea humanamente soportable. Y pueden ustedes confiar en Dios, que no los dejará sufrir pruebas más duras de lo que pueden soportar. Por el contrario, cuando llegue la prueba, Dios les dará también la manera de salir de ella, para que puedan soportarla.

Palabra de Dios. Demos gracias a Dios.

The people stand as able at the introduction to the hymn.

## HYMN AT THE SEQUENCE • 648

When Israel Was in Egypt's Land

Sung by all.

Negro spiritual

The sequence hymn moves us toward the summit of the Liturgy of the Word—the reading of the Holy Gospel. Gospel means "good news"—specifically the "good news of Jesus."



#### THE HOLY GOSPEL

This reading is taken from one of the four Gospels (Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John), which depict the life, teachings, death, resurrection, and ascension of our Lord Jesus Christ. We stand for the Gospel reading to show the particular importance placed on Jesus' words and actions.

Luke 13:1-9 Lucas 13:1-9

The Holy Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ according to Luke.

Glory to you, Lord Christ.

At that very time there were some present who told Jesus about the Galileans whose blood Pilate had mingled with their sacrifices. He asked them, "Do you think that because these Galileans suffered in this way they were worse sinners than all other Galileans? No. I tell you; but unless you repent, you will all perish as they did. Or those eighteen who were killed when the tower of Siloam fell on them—do you think that they were worse offenders than all the others living in Jerusalem? No, I tell you; but unless you repent, you will all perish just as they did." Then he told this parable: "A man had a fig tree planted in his vineyard; and he came looking for fruit on it and found none. So he said to the gardener, 'See here! For three years I have come looking for fruit on this fig tree, and still I find none. Cut it down! Why should it be wasting the soil?' He replied, 'Sir, let it alone for one more year, until I dig around it and put manure on it. If it bears fruit next year, well and good; but if not, you can cut it down."

The Gospel of the Lord.

Praise to you, Lord Christ.

Santo evangelio de nuestro Señor Jesucristo según Lucas.

Gloria a ti, Cristo Señor.

Por aquel mismo tiempo fueron unos a ver a Jesús, y le contaron que Pilato había mezclado la sangre de unos hombres de Galilea con la sangre de los animales que ellos habían ofrecido en sacrificio. Jesús les dijo: «¿Piensan ustedes que esto les pasó a esos hombres de Galilea por ser ellos más pecadores que los otros de su país? Les digo que no; y si ustedes mismos no se vuelven a Dios, también morirán. ¿O creen que aquellos dieciocho que murieron cuando la torre de Siloé les cayó encima eran más culpables que los otros que vivían en Jerusalén? Les digo que no; y si ustedes mismos no se vuelven a Dios, también morirán.» Jesús les contó esta parábola: «Un hombre tenía una higuera plantada en su viñedo, y fue a ver si daba higos, pero no encontró ninguno. Así que le dijo al hombre que cuidaba el viñedo: "Mira, por tres años seguidos he venido a esta higuera en busca de fruto, pero nunca lo encuentro. Córtala, pues; ¿para qué ha de ocupar terreno inútilmente?" Pero el que cuidaba el terreno le contestó: "Señor, déjala todavía este año; voy a aflojarle la tierra y a echarle abono. Con eso tal vez dará fruto; y si no, ya la cortarás."»

El evangelio del Señor. Te alabamos, Cristo Señor.

The people are seated at the invitation of the preacher.

### THE SERMON

The Reverend Canon Leonard L. Hamlin, Sr.

The sermon directly follows the Gospel because it is to be grounded in the scriptures. It illuminates the scriptural readings and relates them to daily life.

The people stand as able.

#### THE NICENE CREED

The word "creed" comes from the Latin "credo" for "I believe." First formulated at the Council of Nicaea in 325 AD and confirmed in 381 AD, the Nicene Creed is said at the Holy Eucharist and reflects what Christians believe regarding the relationship between the Father, Jesus, and the Holy Spirit: The Holy Trinity.

We believe in one God, the Father, the Almighty, maker of heaven and earth, of all that is, seen and unseen.

We believe in one Lord, Jesus Christ, the only Son of God, eternally begotten of the Father, God from God, Light from Light, true God from true God, begotten, not made, of one Being with the Father. Through him all things were made. For us and for our salvation, he came down from heaven: by the power of the Holy Spirit he became incarnate from the Virgin Mary, and was made man.

For our sake he was crucified under Pontius Pilate:

he suffered death and was buried.

On the third day he rose again

in accordance with the Scriptures;

he ascended into heaven

and is seated at the right hand of the Father.

He will come again in glory to judge the living and the dead,

and his kingdom will have no end.

We believe in the Holy Spirit, the Lord, the giver of life.

who proceeds from the Father and the Son.

With the Father and the Son he is worshiped and glorified.

He has spoken through the Prophets.

We believe in one holy catholic and apostolic Church.

We acknowledge one baptism for the forgiveness of sins.

We look for the resurrection of the dead. and the life of the world to come. Amen.

The people are seated.

Creemos en un solo Dios, Padre todopoderoso, Creador del cielo y de la tierra, de todo lo visible e invisible.

Creemos en un solo Señor, Jesucristo, Hijo único de Dios, nacido del Padre antes de todos los siglos: Dios de Dios, Luz de Luz, Dios verdadero de Dios verdadero, engendrado, no creado, de la misma naturaleza que el Padre, por quien todo fue hecho; que por nosotros, y por nuestra salvación bajó del cielo, y por obra del Espíritu Santo se encarnó de María, la Virgen, y se hizo humano. Por nuestra causa fue crucificado en tiempos de Poncio Pilato;

padeció y fue sepultado, resucitó al tercer día, según las escrituras, subió al cielo,

y está sentado a la derecha del Padre; de nuevo vendrá con gloria para juzgar a vivos y muertos, y su reino no tendrá fin.

Creemos en el Espíritu Santo, Señor y dador de vida, que procede del Padre y del Hijo, que con el Padre y el Hijo recibe una misma adoración y gloria, y que habló por los profetas. Creemos en la iglesia, que es una, santa, católica y apostólica. Reconocemos un solo bautismo para el perdón de los pecados. Esperamos la resurrección de los muertos y la vida del mundo futuro. Amén.

#### THE ADMISSION OF CATECHUMENS

Those to be admitted as candidates for baptism at the Great Vigil of Easter are presented. The presider examines the candidates and their sponsors about the candidates' readiness and preparation for a life in Christ.

The candidates are received and prayed for. The people respond, Amen.

The people stand as able.

### THE PRAYERS OF THE PEOPLE

We pray for ourselves and particularly on behalf of others. In our prayers we pray for the for Universal Church, the nation and all who govern, the welfare of the world, the concerns of our community of faith, including those who are in need or suffer, and for the departed. We are reminded in prayer that we are part of a larger fellowship, the Church—the Body of Christ.

### After each intercession,

Lord, in your mercy **Hear our prayer.** 

Señor, en tu piedad

Escucha nuestra oración.

The presider prays the concluding collect, and the people respond, Amen.

#### THE PEACE

The peace of the Lord be always with you. And also with you.

La paz del Señor sea siempre con ustedes.

Y también contigo.

The people greet one another with a sign of God's peace and then are seated.

# THE HOLY COMMUNION

#### THE OFFERTORY

Having listened to the Word of God, affirmed our faith, and shared in the peace, we are prepared for the drama and miracle of the Holy Communion. At the offertory, we gratefully offer back to God some of what God has given us, symbolically in the bread and wine, and in the money we give.

An offering is received to support the Cathedral's ministry of sharing God's love. All are invited to make a gift as the plate is passed, by scanning the QR code on the back of this leaflet, or online at cathedral.org/give.

The altar is prepared for Holy Communion.

#### ANTHEM AT THE OFFERTORY

Out of the Deep

### Sung by the choir.

Thomas Morley (1557–1602)

Out of the deep have I called to thee, O Lord,

Lord, hear my voice.

O let thine ears consider well

the voice of my complaint.

If thou, Lord, wilt be extreme to mark what is done amiss,

O Lord, who may abide it?

For there is mercy with thee,

therefore shalt thou be feared.

I look for the Lord; my soul doth wait for him;

in his word is my trust.

My soul flieth unto the Lord

before the morning watch, I say, before the morning watch.

O Israel, trust in the Lord, for with the Lord there is mercy, and with him is plenteous redemption.

And he shall redeem Israel

from all his sins. Amen.

(Psalm 130)

### The people stand as able at the introduction to the hymn.

### PRESENTATION HYMN • 142

St. Flavian Lord, Who throughout These Forty Days Sung by all. Lord. who through - out days for didst and 1. these for ty us fast pray, 2. As thou with Sa didst tend didst the tory win, tan con and vic 3. As thou didst hun teach us, Lord, ger bear and thirst, SO gra cious of Pas tide, And through these days i tence, and through thy - sion pen bide that with us, this life of suf - fering so, ver past, thee 1. teach with thee and close by to us to mourn our sins, stay. 2. con - quer O strength in thee fight, thee sin. give us to in to 3. die chief - ly by ho ly word. to to self, and live thy most yea, er more, in life and death, Je sus! with us bide. а Eas of last! ter un end - ing we may tain an joy at -

#### THE GREAT THANKSGIVING

In the Great Thanksgiving, we do what Jesus himself asked us to do: thank God and recall all that God has done for us in the life, death, and resurrection of Christ. The Great Thanksgiving, or Eucharistic Prayer, is a long prayer with four parts. Each of these four parts corresponds to a different action of Jesus at the Last Supper, where he took, blessed, broke, and gave bread and wine as sacraments of his body and blood. We begin the Great Thanksgiving with the Sursum corda, meaning "Lift up your hearts."

The Lord be with you.

And also with you.

Lift up your hearts.

We lift them to the Lord.

Let us give thanks to the Lord our God.

It is right to give God thanks and praise.

It is right, and a good and joyful thing, always and everywhere to give thanks to you, Father Almighty, Creator of heaven and earth.

Through Jesus Christ our Lord; who was tempted in every way as we are, yet did not sin. By his grace we are able to triumph over every evil, and to live no longer for ourselves alone, but for him who died for us and rose again.

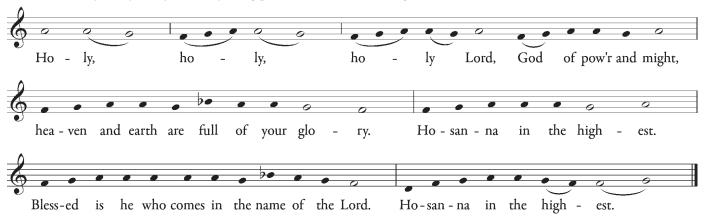
Therefore we praise you, joining our voices with Angels and Archangels and with all the company of heaven, who for ever sing this hymn to proclaim the glory of your Name:

### SANCTUS & BENEDICTUS

### Sung by all.

Mass 18

The Sanctus (Holy, Holy, Holy) is the hymn of praise that never ceases before God and is based on Isaiah 6:3.



We recall God's acts of salvation history. The presider says the "Words of Institution" that Jesus said at the Last Supper. At the Memorial Acclamation we remember Christ's death, resurrection, and promise to return at the end of the age. During the prayer, the Holy Spirit is invoked to bless and sanctify the gifts of bread and wine.

Holy and gracious Father: In your infinite love you made us for yourself, and, when we had fallen into sin and become subject to evil and death, you, in your mercy, sent Jesus Christ, your only and eternal Son, to share our human nature, to live and die as one of us, to reconcile us to you, the God and Father of all.

He stretched out his arms upon the cross, and offered himself, in obedience to your will, a perfect sacrifice for the whole world.

On the night he was handed over to suffering and death, our Lord Jesus Christ took bread; and when he had given thanks to you, he broke it, and gave it to his disciples, and said, "Take, eat: This is my Body, which is given for you. Do this for the remembrance of me."

After supper he took the cup of wine; and when he had given thanks, he gave it to them, and said, "Drink this, all of you: This is my Blood of the new Covenant, which is shed for you and for many for the forgiveness of sins. Whenever you drink it, do this for the remembrance of me."

Therefore we proclaim the mystery of faith:

Christ has died.

Christ is risen.

Christ will come again.

We celebrate the memorial of our redemption, O Father, in this sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving. Recalling his death, resurrection, and ascension, we offer you these gifts.

Sanctify them by your Holy Spirit to be for your people the Body and Blood of your Son, the holy food and drink of new and unending life in him. Sanctify us also that we may faithfully receive this holy Sacrament, and serve you in unity, constancy, and peace; and at the last day bring us with all your saints into the joy of your eternal kingdom.

The Great Amen is when the congregation with a unified great voice concurs with all that the presider has prayed. It is the only "Amen" in all capitals found in the Book of Common Prayer, signifying the greatness of the congregation's response.

All this we ask through your Son Jesus Christ. By him, and with him, and in him, in the unity of the Holy Spirit all honor and glory is yours, Almighty Father, now and for ever. **AMEN**.

### THE LORD'S PRAYER

We pray together the prayer that Jesus taught his disciples to pray. The link between our daily bread and the spiritual food we receive in the Eucharist is an ancient connection.

And now, as our Savior Christ has taught us, we are bold to say,

### Notre Père..., Padre nuestro..., Vater unser...,

Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy Name, thy kingdom come, thy will be done, on earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For thine is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

Padre nuestro que estás en el cielo, santificado sea tu nombre; venga tu reino; hágase tu voluntad en la tierra como en el cielo.

Danos hoy nuestro pan de cada día.

Perdona nuestras ofensas, como también nosotros perdonamos a los que nos ofenden.

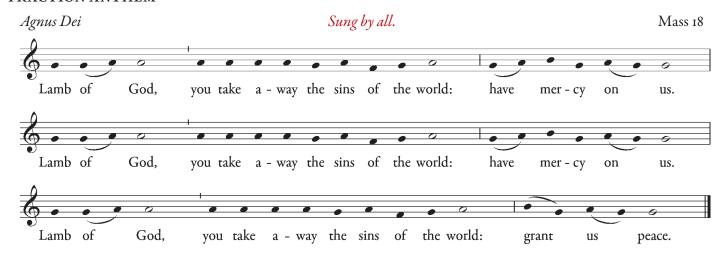
No nos dejes caer en la tentación y líbranos del mal.

Porque tuyo es el reino, el poder y la gloria, ahora y por siempre. Amén.

### THE BREAKING OF THE BREAD

The presider breaks the bread in silence.

### FRACTION ANTHEM



#### THE INVITATION TO HOLY COMMUNION

### The people are seated.

All who seek God and a deeper life in Christ are welcome to receive Holy Communion. Please move at the direction of the ushers. You may receive the bread in open and outstretched hands and respond to receiving Communion by saying "Amen." Gluten-free wafers are available; please make your need known to the minister. Receiving the bread only is full participation in the Eucharist. For those who wish to consume wine, there are separate chalices for drinking and intincting (dipping the bread). You may either drink from a silver chalice or intinct (dip the bread) into a glass chalice. If you prefer to receive a blessing instead of receiving Communion, you may indicate your choice by crossing your hands across your chest. Those who wish to have Holy Communion brought to them at their seat should notify an usher.

Those unable to receive Communion today are invited to say the Prayer of Spiritual Communion.

### ANTHEM DURING THE COMMUNION

Trust Me	Sung by the ensemble.	Richard Smallwood (b. 1948)
I will be with you,	I'll fight your battle,	
I will be with you,	I'll fight your battle,	
I will be with you,	I'll fight your battle,	
If you will only trust me.	If you will only trust	me.
Trust me, trust me.	Trust me, trust me.	
I'll never leave you,	I am that I am,	
I'll never leave you,	I have all power.	
I'll never leave you,	I will deliver,	
If you will only trust me.	If you will only trust	me.
Trust me, trust me.	Trust me, trust me.	

The people stand as able.

#### THE POSTCOMMUNION PRAYER

Eternal God, heavenly Father, you have graciously accepted us as living members of your Son our Savior Jesus Christ, and you have fed us with spiritual food in the Sacrament of his Body and Blood. Send us now into the world in peace, and grant us strength and courage to love and serve you with gladness and singleness of heart; through Christ our Lord. Amen.

Dios eterno, Padre celestial:
En tu gracia nos has aceptado como miembros vivos de tu Hijo nuestro Salvador Jesucristo, y nos has alimentado con comida espiritual en el sacramento de su cuerpo y de su sangre.
Envíanos ahora en paz al mundo y danos fortaleza y valentía para amarte y servirte con alegría y de todo corazón; por Cristo nuestro Señor. Amén.

#### THE SOLEMN PRAYER OVER THE PEOPLE

During the season of Lent, in place of a final blessing, the presider offers a Prayer over the People.

Let us bow before the Lord.

The people may kneel or bow as able.

The presider prays over the people, and the people respond, Amen.

The people stand as able.

### HYMN AT THE CLOSING • 574



### THE DISMISSAL

Let us bless the Lord.

Thanks be to God.

Bendigamos al Señor.

Demos gracias a Dios.

### **POSTLUDE**

Prelude and Fugue in G minor, BWV 535

Johann Sebastian Bach (1685–1750)

The Washington Ringing Society will ring the Cathedral bells following the service.

You are invited to join the Cathedral clergy for an online sermon discussion today at the National-International Coffee Hour at 1:30 pm EST.

The link to register: t.ly/1kHQ

### ORGAN RENOVATION PROJECT

The Cathedral is under active construction as part of the Organ Renovation Project, and St. John's Chapel is currently closed and inaccessible. Learn more about the Organ Renovation at www.cathedral.org/organ.

PARTICIPANTS Presider: The Reverend Spencer W. Brown, Priest Associate; Preacher: The Reverend Canon Leonard L. Hamlin, Sr., Canon Missioner and Minister of Equity and Inclusion; Gospeller: The Reverend Canon Dana Colley Corsello, Canon Vicar; Deacon of the Word, Spanish: The Reverend Francisco de Jesús Serrano, Deacon, St. Margaret's Episcopal Church, Washington, District of Columbia; Assisting Clergy: The Reverend Canon Jan Naylor Cope, Provost, The Reverend Canon Rosemarie Logan Duncan, Canon for Worship, The Reverend Canon Altagracia Pérez-Bullard, Associate Dean of Multicultural Ministries and Assistant Professor of Practical Theology, Virginia Theological Seminary, Alexandria, Virginia, The Reverend Patrick L. Keyser, Associate Priest for Worship, The Reverend Vincent Powell Harris, The Venerable Steve Seely, Archdeacon, Episcopal Diocese of Washington; Musicians: The Cathedral Choir, The Cathedral Contemporary Ensemble, Thomas M. Sheehan, Organist and Interim Director of Music, Julie DeBoer, Chorister Program Director and Associate Director of Music, Michele Fowlin, Associate Director of Music for Contemporary Worship, Edward Hewes, Associate Organist, Ariana Corbin, Organ Scholar, Dr. Edward M. Nassor, Carilloneur.

FLOWERS In the mid-nave, the Lenten pedestals of branches are given in loving memory of Mary Ashley Scarborough. In accordance with the Cathedral practice of bare altars during the Lenten season, all flower endowments during Lent will be named and honored in the Easter service leaflet.

PERMISSIONS Texts of the Old Testament, Epistle, and Gospel taken from the New Revised Standard Version Bible, Copyright 1989, Division of Christian Education of the National Council of the Churches of Christ in the USA. Used by permission. All rights reserved. Spanish texts of the Old Testament, Epistle, and Gospel taken from the Biblia Dios Habla Hoy, Third Edition, Copyright 1996, Sociedades Bíblicas Unidas. Used by permission. All rights reserved. Acclamation taken from *Enriching Our Worship 1*, Copyright 1998, The Church Pension Fund. Used by permission. All rights reserved. Sentences, confession, collect, psalm, creed, prayer response, peace, Eucharistic Prayer A, postcommunion prayer, and dismissal taken from the Book of Common Prayer, 1979. Public domain. Spanish text of the confession, psalm, creed, prayer response, peace, Lord's Prayer, postcommunion prayer, and dismissal taken from El Libro de Oración Común, Copyright 2022, The Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of The Protestant Episcopal Church.

Eternal Lord of Love, Behold Your Church. Text: Thomas H. Cain (1931–2003). Music: Old 124th. From Pseaumes octante trois de David, 1551. Public domain. Kyrie eleison from Mass 18. Plainsong. Public domain. When Israel Was in Egypt's Land. Text and music: Negro spiritual. Public domain. Lord, Who throughout These Forty Days. Text: Claudia Frances Hernaman (1838–1898). Music: St. Flavian. From Day's Psalter, 1562; adapt. Richard Redhead (1820–1901). Public domain. Sanctus and Benedictus from Mass 18. Plainsong. Public domain. Agnus Dei from Mass 18. Plainsong. Public domain. Trust Me. Richard Smallwood, Copyright 2011, Bridge Building Music and T. Autumn Music (both admin. By Brentwood-Benson Music Publishing, Inc.) Reprinted under CCLI License #3058209. Before Thy Throne, O God, We Kneel. Text: William Boyd Carpenter (1841–1918), alt. Music: St. Petersburg. Dimitri S. Bortniansky (1751–1825). Public domain.

All Cathedral worship services are livestreamed via video for our online congregation. By participating in this service you acknowledge that you may be visible on live broadcast or archived video. If you are uncomfortable about the possibility of appearing on video, please see an usher to be reseated in a more private area.

Thank you for joining us in worship. Please know that your participation with us today has been a blessing.

The work of this Cathedral is made possible entirely through the support of individuals like you. The gifts of people from across the country and the world are behind every worship service, concert, public program, and the daily work of maintaining this historic landmark and house of prayer for all people.



All are invited to make a gift to support the Cathedral's ministry of sharing God's love.

As the plate is passed. • By scanning the QR code at the left. • Online at cathedral.org/give.

Thank you for your generosity.

# LENT 2025

#### DAILY LENTEN MEDITATIONS

Sign-up at: cathedral.org/lent

#### ONLINE MORNING PRAYER

Daily • 7:00 AM

### TAKE ON LENT

Dinners & Classes (in person & online) More information at: cathedral.org/takeonlent

#### WEEKDAYS

Holy Eucharist • Mondays, Wednesdays, & Fridays • 12:00 PM
Choral Evensong • Monday—Thursday • 5:00 PM
(Offerings vary some weeks; confirm at cathedral.org)

#### **SUNDAYS**

(MARCH 30; APRIL 6)

Holy Eucharist • 8:00 AM

Holy Eucharist • 11:15 AM (in person & online)

Choral Evensong • 4:00 PM (except April 6) (in person & online)

For more information: cathedral.org/lent

### **EASTER FLOWERS**

Gifts for Easter flowers may be made online at: cathedral.org/support/memorial-honor-gifts

To be included in the Easter service leaflets, eligible gifts must be received by March 30.

